

## NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde Equality Impact Assessment Tool

Equality Impact Assessment is a legal requirement as set out in the Equality Act (2010) and the Equality Act 2010 (Specific Duties)(Scotland) regulations 2012 and may be used as evidence for cases referred for further investigation for compliance issues. Please refer to the EQIA Guidance Document while completing this form. Please note that prior to starting an EQIA all Lead Reviewers are required to attend a Lead Reviewer training session or arrange to meet with a member of the Equality and Human Rights Team to discuss the process. Please contact <a href="mailto:CITAdminTeam@ggc.scot.nhs.uk">CITAdminTeam@ggc.scot.nhs.uk</a> for further details or call 0141 2014560.

Name of Policy/Service Review/Service Development/Service Redesign/New Service:
Test of Change Programme – Adult Social Care Assessments within HMP Greenock and HMP Low Moss
Is this a: Current Service Service Development x Service Redesign New Service New Policy
Policy Review
Description of the service & rationale for selection for EQIA: (Please state if this is part of a Board-wide service or is locally
driven).
What does the service or policy do/aim to achieve? Please give as much information as you can, remembering that this
document will be published in the public domain and should promote transparency.
The programme aims to test the introduction of an integrated model of adult social care assessment within the prison
setting identify people at the beginning of their prison journey, throughout their stay, and supporting their future needs as
they leave to include disability, addictions, and mental health needs
develop a holistic assessment process in partnership with health colleagues
O. To toot the Netional Health and Wellheing Outcomes in the prison setting and how these can be implemented and
2. To test the National Health and Wellbeing Outcomes in the prison setting and how these can be implemented and
evaluated to determine what difference the test of change has mead to the people's lives.
3. To test an integrated management approach within the prison.
5. To lest an integrated management approach within the prison.
Specific social work assessment and care management and occupational therapy staff will be employed across both
prisons for a 6 month period, to work in an integrated way with healthcare staff to develop a personalised outcome based
photo for a chieffin period, to work in an integrated way with healtheard stail to develop a personalised outcome based.

assessment approach. This will include responses to the needs of prisoners who have addictions issues, mental health issues, disability and those with multiple/complex needs. Holistic care pathways and social care responses will be developed to ensure a more seamless provision of services to prisoners in the move from community to prison and back to community

Why was this service or policy selected for EQIA? Where does it link to organisational priorities? (If no link, please provide evidence of proportionality, relevance, potential legal risk etc.)

The test of change work represents an enhancement to existing levels of social care assessments in prisons and could offer prisoners significant benefit by shaping services (and service referrals) towards previously unmet need. There is an opportunity at the test of change stage to ensure the agreed final mainstream model can demonstrate sensitivity and inclusion of all relevant protected characteristics. This is particularly relevant given the patterning of the prison population by age, disability, sex and socio-economic status.

Social care should be viewed as an Equality duty that firstly enables disabled prisoners to be on a commensurate footing with other prisoners, and secondly as a mechanism for meeting quality of life and development goals of disabled prisoners

Who is the lead reviewer and when did they attend Lead reviewer Training? (Please note the lead reviewer must be someone in a position to authorise any actions identified as a result of the EQIA)

Name:	Date of Lead Reviewer Training:
Doris Williamson	September 2012

## Please list the staff involved in carrying out this EQIA

(Where non-NHS staff are involved e.g. third sector reps or patients, please record their organisation or reason for inclusion):

Fiona Noble, Test of Change group for project have been invited to comment

Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and
		Additional Mitigating Action
		Required

1.	What equalities information is routinely collected from people currently using the service or affected by the policy? If this is a new service proposal what data do you have on proposed service user groups. Please note any barriers to collecting this data in your submitted evidence and an explanation for any protected characteristic data omitted.	A sexual health service collects service user data covering all 9 protected characteristics to enable them to monitor patterns of use.	Current Scottish Prison Service data capture extends to 8 protected characteristics:  Age Disability Gender Reassignment Marriage and Civil Partnership Pregnancy and Maternity Race Religion and Belief Sex All PHC data would be made available with prisoner agreement where required as part of the test of change programme.	
		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
2.	Please provide details of how data captured has been/will be used to inform policy content or service design. Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the	A physical activity programme for people with long term conditions reviewed service user data and found very low uptake by BME (Black and	Data will be used across the course of the test of change programme to assess uptake by protected characteristic group and analyse any resulting patterns. This will also inform engagement activity planning to facilitate feedback from service users.	

	General Duty have	Minority Ethnic)		
	been considered (tick	,		
	relevant boxes).	ent activity found		
	1) Remove	promotional		
	,	material for the		
	discrimination,			
	harassment and	interventions was		
	victimisation	not		
	2) Promote equality	•		
	of opportunity	a result an		
	3) Foster good	adapted range of		
	relations between	materials were		
	protected	introduced with		
	characteristics.	ongoing		
	4) Not applicable $\square$	monitoring of		
		uptake.		
		(Due regard		
		promoting equality		
		of opportunity)	Comice Evidence Bravided	Describle respective improve
		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact
				and Additional Mitigating
0	Hayr bayra yay	l a alsa al aftass a a al		Action Required
3.	How have you	Looked after and	In April 2019 Cooled Work Cootland	
	applied learning from research evidence	accommodated	In April 2018 Social Work Scotland commissioned the University of Dundee and	
		care services	l	
	about the experience of equality groups to	reviewed a range of research	in September 2018 they published 'A New Vision for Social Care in Prisons. The report	
	the service or Policy?	evidence to help	provides a foundation for policy and practice	
	THE SELVICE OF FULLY!	promote a more	decisions around the delivery of health and	
	Your evidence	inclusive care	social care in Scottish prisons, based on	
	should show which of	environment. Res	academic research. In response to the	
			recommendations contained in the report, the	
	the 3 parts of the	earch suggested	recommendations contained in the report, the	

	General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).  1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation  2) Promote equality of opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics  4) Not applicable	that young LGBT+ people had a disproportionately difficult time through exposure to bullying and harassment. As a result staff were trained in LGBT+ issues and were more confident in asking related questions to young people. (Due regard to removing discrimination, harassment and victimisation and fostering good relations).	Scottish Government's Health and Social Care Integration in Prisons Workstream produced a response which included the agreement to work collaboratively the Scottish Prison Service, NHS, adult social services and wider partners, to develop 'Tests of Change' sites to create new ways of delivering integrated health and social care within the prison environment.  Population estimates for the number of Scottish prisoners with social care needs, narrowly defined as personal care, are 1.85% (n = 170) of the total prison population, 0.84% of the under 50s, and 8.66% of the over 50s (Scottish Prison Service, 2018). Given the levels of health inequality and deprivation experienced by many people in prison, these figures may be a conservative estimate.	
		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
4.	Can you give details of how you have engaged with equality groups with regard to the service	A money advice service spoke to lone parents (predominantly women) to better	'A new vision for social care in prisons' included semi-structured and explorative interviews with prisoners across 3 prisons in Scotland. All participants were male and white, and all had recognised social care	

review or policy development? What did this engagement tell you about user experience and how was this information used?

Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).

- 1) Remove discrimination. harassment and victimisation
- 2) Promote equality of opportunity
- 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics
- 4) Not applicable

understand barriers to accessing the service. Feedback included concerns about waiting times at the drop in service, made more difficult due to child care issues. As a result the service introduced a home visit and telephone service which significantly increased uptake.

(Due regard to promoting equality of opportunity)

\* The Child Poverty (Scotland) Act 2017 requires organisations to take actions to reduce poverty for children in households at risk needs.

Throughout the test of change programme engagement activities will be undertaken with users that will capture PC information and contextualise this for reporting and redevelopment.

		of low incomes.		
		Example	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
5.	Is your service physically accessible to everyone? If this is a policy that impacts on movement of service users through areas are there potential barriers that need to be addressed?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).  1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation 2) Promote equality of opportunity 3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics.	negotiate 2 sets of heavy manual pull doors to access the service. A request was placed to have the doors retained by magnets that could deactivate in	Assessments will take place where the recipients are based – either in their cell or alternative accessible environment. The assessments may include review of physical environment and so recommend enhancement in order to improve accessibility.	

	4) Not applicable			
6.	How will the service change or policy development ensure it does not discriminate in the way it communicates with service users and staff?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been	Following a service review, an information video to explain new procedures was hosted on the organisation's YouTube site. This was accompanied by a BSL signer to explain service changes to Deaf service users.	All service user materials associated with the test of change programme will be available in other formats and languages and will take into account barriers to access created by literacy issues. Social work and NHS staff will adhere to their respective clear communication policies in all aspects of service delivery including provision of spoken language and BSL interpreters.	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required

considered (tick	were offered in	
relevant boxes).	other languages	
1) Remove	and formats.	
discrimination,		
harassment and	⊥(Due regard to	
victimisation	⊤remove	
2) Promote	discrimination,	
equality of	harassment and	
opportunity	victimisation and	
3) Foster good	promote equality	
relations	of opportunity).	
between	1	
protected	†	
characteristics		
4) Not applicable	$\Box$	
	T	
The British Sign		
Language		
(Scotland) Act		
2017 aims to		
raise awareness		
of British Sign		
Language and		
improve access		
to services for		
those using the		
language.		
Specific attention		
should be paid in		

	your evidence to show how the service review or policy has taken note of this.			
7	Protected Characte	ristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
(a)	Could the service de content have a disp on people due to dif (Consider any age of the service design of You will need to objust the evidence section on the grounds of age policy or included in design).	roportionate impact fferences in age? cut-offs that exist in or policy content. ectively justify in any segregation ge promoted by the	Service would be dependent on biological assessment rather than chronological assessment. Access will be based on need of the individual. Prisoners age faster than the general public so key biological not chronological assessment.	
	Your evidence shouthe 3 parts of the Gebeen considered (tident) Remove discriminand victimisation 2) Promote equality 3) Foster good relations protected characteristics.	eneral Duty have ck relevant boxes). nation, harassment of opportunity tions between		

	4) Not applicable		
(b)	Could the service design or policy content have a disproportionate impact on people due to the protected characteristic of disability?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).  1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation  2) Promote equality of opportunity  3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics.	No disproportionate impact – assessment would facilitate enhancement to current provision rather than remove it.	
	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
(c)	Gender Identity  Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on people with the protected characteristic	No immediate impact anticipated, though any association that may be important to consider as part of the assessment could be discussed at the point of engagement.	,

	of gender identity?		
	Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).  1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation  2) Promote equality of opportunity  3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics  4) Not applicable		
	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
(d)	Marriage and Civil Partnership  Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on the people with the protected characteristics of Marriage and Civil Partnership?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).  1) Remove discrimination, harassment	No immediate impact anticipated, though any association that may be important to consider as part of the assessment could be discussed at the point of engagement.	

	and victimisation  2) Promote equality of opportunity  3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics  4) Not applicable		
(e)	Pregnancy and Maternity  Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on the people with the protected characteristics of Pregnancy and Maternity?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).  1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation  2) Promote equality of opportunity  3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics.	No immediate impact anticipated, though any association that may be important to consider as part of the assessment could be discussed at the point of engagement.	
	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
(f)	Race	Any assessments would be inclusive of	

	Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on people with the protected characteristics of Race?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).  1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation  2) Promote equality of opportunity   3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics	language support in the form of either telephone or face to face interpreter and translated materials in either audio or written format.	
(g)	Religion and Belief  Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on the people with the protected characteristic of Religion and Belief?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).	No immediate impact anticipated, though any association that may be important to consider as part of the assessment could be discussed at the point of engagement.	

	<ol> <li>Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation</li></ol>		
	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
(h)	Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on the people with the protected characteristic of Sex?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes).  1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation  2) Promote equality of opportunity  3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics.	Given the prison populations being predominantly men (Low Moss exclusively men) and patterning of custodial sentences by sex, far more men than women would be expected to participate in the test of change programme. However, sex (gender) differences will be considered as part of the programme and will help inform the final mainstreaming proposal.	

(i) Sexual Orientation Could the service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on the people with the protected characteristic of Sexual Orientation?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have been considered (tick relevant boxes). 1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation

	Protected Characteristic	Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
(j)	Socio – Economic Status & Social Class  Could the proposed service change or policy have a disproportionate impact on the people because of their social class or experience of poverty and what mitigating action have you	Provision of social care assessment should help to ease the burden of poverty during and after terms in prison, with assessment reports supporting the individual as part of liberation planning.	
	taken/planned?  The Fairer Scotland Duty (2018) places a duty on public bodies in Scotland to actively consider how they can reduce inequalities of outcome caused by socioeconomic disadvantage in strategic planning. You should evidence here steps taken to assess and mitigate risk of exacerbating inequality on the ground of socioeconomic status.		
(k)	Other marginalised groups  How have you considered the specific impact on other groups including homeless people, prisoners and exoffenders, ex-service personnel, people with addictions, people involved	Most groups covered and will be offered and enhancement.	

	in prostitution, asylum seekers & refugees and travellers?		
8.	Does the service change or policy development include an element of cost savings? How have you managed this in a way that will not disproportionately impact on protected characteristic groups?  Your evidence should show which of the 3 parts of the General Duty have	Funded test of change – Scot government would need to make provision ongoing funding for service.	
	been considered (tick relevant boxes).  1) Remove discrimination, harassment and victimisation  2) Promote equality of opportunity  3) Foster good relations between protected characteristics.		
	T) Not applicable		
		Service Evidence Provided	Possible negative impact and Additional Mitigating Action Required
9.	What investment in learning has been made to prevent discrimination, promote	All prison staff complete the LearnPro module (NHS). SPS undertake their own	
	equality of opportunity and foster good relations between protected characteristic	equality and diversity module. Requirement for everyone to complete statutory and	
	groups? As a minimum include recorded	mandatory modules.	
	completion rates of statutory and		
	mandatory learning programmes (or local		

equivalent) covering equality, diversity	
and human rights.	

10. In addition to understanding and responding to legal responsibilities set out in Equality Act (2010), services must pay due regard to ensure a person's human rights are protected in all aspects of health and social care provision. This may be more obvious in some areas than others. For instance, mental health inpatient care or older people's residential care may be considered higher risk in terms of potential human rights breach due to potential removal of liberty, seclusion or application of restraint. However risk may also involve fundamental gaps like not providing access to communication support, not involving patients/service users in decisions relating to their care, making decisions that infringe the rights of carers to participate in society or not respecting someone's right to dignity or privacy.

The Human Rights Act sets out rights in a series of articles – right to Life, right to freedom from torture and inhumane and degrading treatment, freedom from slavery and forced labour, right to liberty and security, right to a fair trial, no punishment without law, right to respect for private and family life, right to freedom of thought, belief and religion, right to freedom of expression, right to freedom of assembly and association, right to marry, right to protection from discrimination. Please explain in the field below if any risks in relation to the service design or policy were identified which could impact on the human rights of patients, service users or staff.

Enhancement – caveat with the prison environment but rights will be upheld and supported

Please explain in the field below any human rights based approaches undertaken to better understand rights and responsibilities resulting from the service or policy development and what measures have been taken as a result e.g. applying the PANEL Principles to maximise Participation, Accountability, Non-discrimination and Equality, Empowerment and Legality or FAIR\*.

\*

Facts: What is the experience of the individuals involved and what are the important facts to understand?

Analyse rights: Develop an analysis of the human rights at stake

Identify responsibilities: Identify what needs to be done and who is responsible for doing it

Review actions: Make recommendations for action and later recall and evaluate what has happened as a result.

_	mpleted the EQIA template, please tick which option you (Lead Reviewer) perceive best reflects the findings of sment. This can be cross-checked via the Quality Assurance process:
	X Option 1: No major change (where no impact or potential for improvement is found, no action is required)
	Option 2: Adjust (where a potential or actual negative impact or potential for a more positive impact is found, make changes to mitigate risks or make improvements)
	Option 3: Continue (where a potential or actual negative impact or potential for a more positive impact is found but a decision not to make a change can be objectively justified, continue without making changes)
	Option 4: Stop and remove (where a serious risk of negative impact is found, the plans, policies etc. being assessed should be halted until these issues can be addressed)

routinely collecting patient of	lata on sexi	something that 'stands out' as an e ual orientation, faith etc please us . This information will help others c	se the box belo	w to describe the activity	ty and the
		g action requirements boxes the actions this service will be	Date for completion	Who is responsible?(initi als)	
No actions required					
Ongoing 6 Monthly Review	please wr	ite your 6 monthly EQIA review dat	e:		
Lead Reviewer: EQIA Sign Off:	Name Date	Doris Williamson Job Title Health Improvement Lea 2/2/20	ad		
Quality Assurance Sign Off Job Title Planning and Deve		Alastair Low anager Date 2/2/20			



## NHS GREATER GLASGOW AND CLYDE EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT TOOL MEETING THE NEEDS OF DIVERSE COMMUNITIES 6 MONTHLY REVIEW SHEET

Name of	Policy/Current Service/Service Development/Service Redesign:			
Please de Service/F	etail activity undertaken with regard to actions highlighted in the original E	QIA for this		
		Completed		
		Date	Initials	
Action:				
Status:				
Action:				
Status:				
Action:				
Status:				
Action:				
Status:				
	etail any outstanding activity with regard to required actions highlighted in or this Service/Policy and reason for non-completion	the original	EQIA	
	To be Complete		pleted by	
		Date	Initials	
Action:				
			<del></del>	

Reason:						
Action:						
Reason:						
Please d	etail any new actions required since completing the original EQIA and rea	sons:				
		To be comp	oleted by			
		Date	Initials			
Action:						
Reason:						
Action:						
Reason:						
Please detail any discontinued actions that were originally planned and reasons:						
Action:						
Reason:						
Action:						
Reason:						
Please write your next 6-month review date						

Name of completing officer:

Date submitted:

Please email a copy of this EQIA review sheet to <u>CIT</u> or send to Corporate Inequalities Team, NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde, JB Russell House, Gartnavel Royal Hospitals Site, 1055 Great Western Road, G12 0XH. Tel: 0141-201-4817.